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UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL (Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))	Attorney Docket No.	22379-702	Total Pages	66
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	Michael S. McCue et al., "Streaming Content Over A Telephone Interface"			
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APPLICATION ELEMENTS See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.	ADDRESS TO: Assistant Commissioner for Patents Box Patent Application Washington, DC 20231
1. <input type="checkbox"/> Fee Transmittal Form (Submit an original, and a duplicate for fee processing)	6. <input type="checkbox"/> Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)
2. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Specification [Total Pages <u>56</u>] (preferred arrangement set forth below) <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Descriptive title of the Invention- Cross References to Related Applications- Statement Regarding Fed sponsored R&D- Reference to Microfiche Appendix- Background of the Invention- Brief Summary of the Invention- Brief Description of the Drawings- Detailed Description- Claim(s)- Abstract of the Disclosure	7. Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission (if applicable, all necessary) <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. <input type="checkbox"/> Computer Readable Copyb. <input type="checkbox"/> Paper Copy (identical to computer copy)c. <input type="checkbox"/> Statement verifying identity of above copies
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4. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oath or Declaration (unexecuted) [Total Pages <u>4</u>] <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. <input type="checkbox"/> Newly executed (original or copy)b. <input type="checkbox"/> Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d)) (for continuation/divisional with Box 17 completed) [Note Box 5 below]<ul style="list-style-type: none">i. <input type="checkbox"/> DELETION OF INVENTOR(S) Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application, see 37 CFR 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).	9. <input type="checkbox"/> 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement [] Power of Attorney (when there is an assignee)
5. <input type="checkbox"/> Incorporation By Reference (useable if Box 4b is checked) The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4b, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein.	10. <input type="checkbox"/> English Translation Document (if applicable)
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☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☒ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No. (unassigned)

17. CORRESPONDING ADDRESS

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Customer Number or Bar Code Label		 21971 Insert Customer No. or Attach bar code label here)		or <input type="checkbox"/> Correspondence address below	
NAME	PATENT TRADEMARK OFFICE				
ADDRESS					
CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE			
COUNTRY	TELEPHONE	FAX			

SUBMITTED BY

Typed or

Printed Name Kent R. Richardson

Signature

Reg. Number 39,443

Date November 1, 1999

RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application relates to, incorporates by reference, and claims priority from, United States Patent Application #####, entitled, "Method and Apparatus for Content Personalization Over a Telephone Interface," filed October 22, 1999, having inventors
5 Hadi Partovi, Roderick S. Brathwaite, Angus M. Davis, Micahel S. McCue, Brandon W. Porter, John Giannandrea, Eckart Walther, Anthony Accardi, and Zhe Li..

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

This invention relates to the field of streaming content. In particular, the invention
10 relates to technologies for providing streaming content to users over a telephone interface. The invention also relates to identifying and registering users using telephone identifying information and personalizing the content, including the streaming content, presented to them using a profile selected using the telephone identifying information.

15 Description of the Related Art

The following describes streaming content available over computer networks. Then various telephone systems are described.

Streaming content is multimedia data sent as a stream of data. Typically, the content is broken into small parts, compressed, sent over a network, uncompressed, and
20 then played on a user's computer. This means that users can begin viewing, or listening to, the content before the entire stream is received. Examples of streaming media systems include streaming audio and video systems from Real Networks, Inc., and Microsoft

Corporation, and Apple Computer, Inc. One problem with such systems is that the streaming data can only be accessed by users' computers.

The following describes various techniques used in telephone systems to provide enhanced user features. First, telephone identifying information will be discussed. Many telephone systems that support enhanced user features use telephone identifying information as a basic component. Then, a variety of example systems will be discussed that use telephone identifying information to provide enhanced user features will be discussed.

1. Telephone Identifying Information

The advent of automatic number identification (ANI) and calling number identification (CNID, CLID, or CID) within the North American Numbering Plan (NANP) has supported the creation of a number of services that use these pieces of telephone identifying information. Comparable systems may be used in other numbering plans and countries to support similar services.

For example, when consumers receive credit cards in the mail, they have to call from their home telephone numbers to activate the cards. This is a typical use of ANI. In this instance, the credit card company matches the ANI information provided when the consumer calls to a previously provided telephone number. If the ANI matches the credit card company's records, the credit card company activates the card.

2. Examples of Telephone System Personalization

a. Personalization Generally

With the advent of widely available real-time delivery of telephone identifying information such as ANI, a number of systems have been developed to use that
5 information. One of the most common uses of ANI is for credit card activation. However, previous systems have been single purpose and typically require reference to other information provided separately. For example, credit card activation lines require separately provided information, e.g. your home phone number from the application.

b. Building Personalized Content on the Web

10 Some systems allow a user to build personalized content over the web. One example is the myYahoo!™ service provided by Yahoo! of Santa Clara, California at <<http://my.yahoo.com/>>. The personalized content pages developed on the web are delivered over the web to users accessing the pages with computers. These systems rely on a username and password type system to identify the user rather than telephone identifying
15 information and the delivery mechanisms is different.

c. Interactive Personalization

Still other systems allow users to personalize the content without entering special editing modes. For example, Amazon.com, of Seattle, Washington, keeps track of your purchases and preferences using cookies stored on a customer's web browser.

20 Some telephone systems provide limited customization capabilities. For example, voice mail systems from Octel, a division of Lucent Technologies, allow a user to set

preferences for prompt length, but those settings must be made explicitly by each user.

Further, customization is limited to a few options like prompt length and outgoing message selection. The user can not redefine the way the voice mail system works for her/him beyond those narrow customization options. Further, these customizations do not affect the kinds of content and further the presentation is not selected based on telephone identifying information.

d. Locale Selection

Services such as Amtrak's 1-800-USA-RAIL reservation line use telephone identifying information to select an initial region. For example, if you call Amtrak's reservation number in the Northeastern United States, the system presents options relating to the Boston-Washington line. However, if you call from California, the system presents information about travel between San Francisco and Los Angeles.

This can be accomplished by using the calling party's area code and/or exchange included with the telephone identifying information to select a region. The area codes and/or exchanges can then be paired to different scripts or default selections. For example, the area codes for New York City, e.g. "212", could be mapped to the Northeast Corridor while San Francisco, "415", could be mapped to the San Francisco-Los Angeles line. However this does not change the kind of content presented and it is not user-selected.

e. Time Appropriate Information Presentation

Several services provide information through the telephone. That information may be adapted based on the time of day or date.

Some systems provide the information irrespective of the telephone identifying information. One example is Moviefone™, 777-FILM in most locales. Moviefone™ uses the current time at the called number to present appropriate information. The called number can be obtained using the dialed number identification service (DNIS). Thus, if

5 you call Moviefone™ in the San Francisco Bay Area at 10 o'clock in the morning, only movies starting after 10 o'clock in the morning in the San Francisco Bay Area will be presented to you. However, if you call the Philadelphia Moviefone™, +1 (215) 222-FILM, from California, you will hear the Philadelphia movie times in Eastern Time. Thus, at 10 o'clock in the morning Pacific Time, a call to the Philadelphia Moviefone™ will

10 produce information for Philadelphia show times after one o'clock in the afternoon Eastern Time at Philadelphia area theatres.

f. Targeted Advertising

Some free long distance services provide customized advertising to support their services. One example is FreeWay™ offered by Broadpoint, of Landover, Maryland,

15 <<http://www.broadpoint.com/>>. These services require an explicit user registration process, typically using a computer to access a web site, to provide the service with a profile. Once the profile is provided, the advertising is targeted to the particular person's explicitly provided demographic information. In some instances, the advertising may be targeted both based on the caller's demographics and their location. Thus, callers from the

20 San Francisco Bay Area with a particular explicit demographic profile may be presented one ad, while callers from outside the San Francisco Bay Area may be presented with another ad. Another, similar, service is offered on by phone by UAccess, Inc.,

<<http://www.uaccess.com/>>, by calling +1 (800) UACCESS, and provides consumers targeted advertising based on profile information they enter.

g. Voice Character

Most telephone systems have a small number of voice actors. Continuing with the
5 example of Moviefone™, one actor performs all of the menus and prompts. Other systems may use different voice actors for different subsystems.

These actors are typically selected on a system wide basis and as such, different voices, talents, speeds, characteristics, dialects, and other prosody aspects of the presentation are not user selectable.

10 h. Purchase Recommendations

Voice systems such as GALAXY from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT), Cambridge, Massachusetts, have been adapted to provide information about purchasing decisions for used cars. For example, GALAXY has been used to allow for interactive browsing of automobile classified ads. These voice systems are problem
15 domain specific. Further, the systems are designed to locate vehicles matching a particular set of criterion, rather than making actual recommendations.

Other systems are web based. For example, Amazon.com will make book suggestions for users connected to the web via a computer. However, those suggestions are limited to a particular site, e.g. Amazon.com.

i. Voice Login

Most telephone systems require a user to explicitly identify herself/himself by using a combination of a login identifier, e.g. credit card number, account number, etc., and a personal identification number (PIN). Some systems abbreviate this process by allowing a user calling from a particular phone to shortcut this process slightly. For example, callers using a phone number associated with a particular credit card might only be asked to enter the last four digits of their credit card number together with their billing zip code instead of all sixteen digits of the card number. Other products such as Nuance Verfier™ from Nuance Communications, Menlo Park, California, support voice login capabilities, e.g. you just speak instead of entering a password.

j. Initial Profile Generation from Database Lookups

Most systems that provide information over the telephone require users to explicitly answer one or more questions in one form or another, e.g. over the phone, the web, and/or in written form. These questions form a demographic and/or psychographic profile for the user. All of these systems require the user to explicitly provide her/his profile information.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

A method and apparatus for providing streaming content over telephones is described. The creation of a voice portal is supported by the invention. Embodiments of the invention allows users to place a telephone call to access the voice portal. The user can access many different types of content. This content can include text based content which is read to the user by a text to speech system (e.g., news reports, stock prices, text content

of Internet sites), audio content which can be played to the user (e.g., voicemail messages, music), and streaming audio content (e.g., Internet broadcast radio shows, streaming news reports, and streaming live broadcasts). This content can be accessed from many different places. For example, the content can be retrieved from a news feed, a local streaming
5 content server, an audio repository, and/or an Internet based streaming content server.

The streaming content allows the user to access live web broadcasts even though the user may not have access to a computer. The system allows audio signals from multiple sources to be combined to enhance the user experience. Additionally, the user can control many aspects of the delivery of the streaming content.

10 In one embodiment, a computer system supports the voice portal functionality. The system can include an interface to the Public Switched Telephone Network and a system for interfacing with the Internet. The PSTN interface supports communications with the users' telephones, while the Internet interface provides for connectivity with the Internet. Between the two interfaces are a number of subsystems that support the selection,
15 conversion, mixing and/or control of audio content (and in particular, streaming audio content). Importantly, these subsystems also support the personalization of the content. The following describes some of the personalization features of various embodiments of the invention.

The personalized content presented during a telephone call is specific to that user
20 based on the profile associated with her/his telephone identifying information. For example, if a user, John, has previously called from the telephone number 650-493-####, he may have indicated he prefers a Southern dialect. Then, upon subsequent calls to the system from his telephone John will be greeted in a Southern dialect based on the profile associated with his number.

Example personalizations provided by embodiments of the invention will now be described. The system may personalize the session based on the time and/or date as determined from the telephone identifying information. For example, based on the local time for the calling party, time and/or date appropriate options may be presented. For example, if a user calls from California at noon, a restaurant for lunch may be suggested. However, a caller from London at that same moment might be presented evening entertainment selections because of the eight hour time difference.

The system may personalize the session based on the caller's locale as determined from the telephone identifying information. For example, caller's from Palo Alto, California may hear different selections and options than callers from Washington, D.C. This may include locale specific events, e.g. a county fair, locale specific announcements, e.g. flood watch for Santa Clara County, etc.

The system may target advertising based on the caller's demographic and/or psychographic profile. Additionally, the advertising may be targeted based on the telephone identifying information. For example, overall demographic information for a particular area code-exchange combination may be used, e.g. 650-493 corresponds to Palo Alto, California, with an average income of \$X. On an international scale, this can be used to the extent that the particular numbering plan can be combined with relevant geographic/demographic/psychographic information about callers. Both types of targeted advertising allow the callers to be qualified, e.g. match the requirements of the advertiser. For example, a San Francisco jewelry store might only want to reach households in the Bay Area with an average household income exceeding \$50,000 a year. The targeted advertising can ensure that callers presented with the ad are qualified.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

A. Introduction

A voice portal for presenting streaming content over a telephone interface is described. The voice portal allows users of telephones, including cellular telephones, to
5 access a voice portal by dialing a phone number to listen to streaming content. The information provided over the voice portal may come from the World Wide Web (WWW), databases, third parties, and/or other sources.

The term voice portal refers to the capability of various embodiments of the invention to provide customized voice and/or audio content services to a caller. The voice
10 portal can receive dual-tone multi-frequency (DTMF or touch-tone) commands as well as spoken commands to further control the voice and/or audio content presented and the manner of presentation. Note that not all embodiments of the invention use a voice portal, and in particular, not all embodiments use a voice portal with personalization capabilities. Generally, any system that provides a telephone interface, an Internet interface, and can
15 send an extracted audio signal, from streaming content being received by the Internet interface, to the telephone interface, would support the invention.

Embodiments of the invention use telephone identifying information to personalize caller interactions with the voice portal. This allows the system to present highly customized information to each caller based on a personal profile the system associates
20 with the telephone identifying information.

The invention will be described in greater detail as follows. First, a number of definitions useful to understanding the invention are presented. Then, the hardware and

software architecture is presented in the System Overview. Then, a series of sections describe the various personalization features provided by different embodiments of the invention. Then, a section describes the streaming content capabilities of the system.

B. Definitions

1. Telephone Identifying Information

For the purposes of this application, the term telephone identifying information will be used to refer to ANI information, CID information, and/or some other technique for automatically identifying the source of a call and/or other call setup information. For example, ANI information typically includes a dialed number identification service (DNIS). Similarly, CID information may include text data including the subscriber's name and/or address, e.g. "Jane Doe". Other examples of telephone identifying information might include the type of calling phone, e.g. cellular, pay phone, and/or hospital phone.

Additionally, the telephone identifying information may include wireless carrier specific identifying information, e.g. location of wireless phone now, etc. Also, signaling system seven (SS7) information may be included in the telephone identifying information.

2. User Profile

A user profile is a collection of information about a particular user. The user profile typically includes collections of different information as shown and described more fully in connection with Figure 6. Notably, the user profile contains a combination of explicitly made selections and implicitly made selections.

Explicitly made selections in the user profile stem from requests by the user to the system. For example, the user might add business news to the main topic list. Typically, explicit selections come in the form of a voice, or touch-tone command, to save a particular location, e.g. "Remember this", "Bookmark it", "shortcut this", pound (#) key touch-tone, etc., or through adjustments to the user profile made through the web interface using a computer.

In contrast, implicit selections come about through the conduct and behavior of the user. For example, if the user repeatedly asks for the weather in Palo Alto, California, the system may automatically provide the Palo Alto weather report without further prompting.

In other embodiments, the user may be prompted to confirm the system's implicit choice, e.g. the system might prompt the user "Would you like me to include Palo Alto in the standard weather report from now on?"

Additionally, the system may allow the user to customize the system to meet her/his needs better. For example, the user may be allowed to control the verbosity of prompts, the dialect used, and/or other settings for the system. These customizations can be made either explicitly or implicitly. For example if the user is providing commands before most prompts are finished, the system could recognize that a less verbose set of prompts is needed and implicitly set the user's prompting preference to briefer prompts.

3. Topics and Content

A topic is any collection of similar content. Topics may be arranged hierarchically as well. For example, a topic might be business news, while subtopics might include stock quotes, market report, and analyst reports. Within a topic different types of content are available. For example, in the stock quotes subtopic, the content might include stock

quotes. The distinction between topics and the content within the topics is primarily one of degree in that each topic, or subtopic, will usually contain several pieces of content.

4. Qualified

The term qualified as it is used in this application refers to whether or not a particular user being presented an advertisement, or other material, meets the demographic and/or psychographic profile requirements for that advertisement, or content. For example, a San Francisco-based bookstore might request that all listeners to its advertisement be located in a particular part of the San Francisco Bay Area. Thus, a user of the system would be qualified if she lived in the designated part of the San Francisco Bay Area.

Different embodiments of the invention may qualify users of the system according to different requirements. For example, in some instances advertising, or content, is qualified solely based on telephone identifying information. In other embodiments the telephone identifying information is used in conjunction with other information such as an associated user profile, a reverse telephone number lookup for locale demographics, and/or other information.

5. Locale

As used in this application, the term locale refers to any geographic area. The geographic area may be a neighborhood, a city, a county, a metropolitan region, a state, a country, a continent, a group of countries, and/or some other collection of one or more geographic areas, e.g. all United State major metropolitan areas.

For this reason, a single user of the system may be considered to be in several locales. For example, a caller from Palo Alto, California, might be in the Palo Alto locale,

a Silicon Valley locale, a San Francisco Bay Area locale, a Northern California locale, a California state locale, and a United States locale.

Thus, the telephone identifying information for a single telephone number can be mapped to a number of system-defined locales.

5 6. Voice Character

The term voice character as it is used in this application refers to all aspects of speech pronunciation including dialect, speed, volume, gender of speaker, pitch, language, voice talent used, actor, characteristics of speech, and/or other prosody values. Users can adjust the voice character of the system by changing their voice character settings.

10 For example, an elderly user could select voice character settings that provide louder volume and slower speech. Similarly, a caller from the South could adjust the voice character settings to support a Southern dialect.

7. Demographic and Psychographic Profiles

15 Both demographic profiles and psychographic profiles contain information relating to a user. Demographic profiles typically include factual information, e.g. age, gender, marital status, income, etc. Psychographic profiles typically include information about behaviors, e.g. fun loving, analytical, compassionate, fast reader, slow reader, etc. As used in this application, the term demographic profile will be used to refer to both demographic and psychographic profiles.

8. Streaming Content

Streaming technology allows a user to see, and/or listen to, streaming content as it is being downloaded. Streaming content is audio and/or video data sent as a stream.

Typically, the content is broken into small parts, compressed, sent over a network, uncompressed, and then played on a user's computer. This means that users can begin viewing, or listening to, the content before the entire stream is received. Note, video data can include animations. Importantly, streaming data, as opposed to non-streaming data, does not require the user to download an entire data file before the user can begin listening to or viewing the data.

C. System Overview

First, the hardware and software architecture of a system including an embodiment of the invention will be described with reference to Figures 1-2. Figure 1 illustrates a system including embodiments of the invention used to provide streaming content and personalized content to users of telephones according to telephone identifying information. The system of Figure 1 can be used to allow users of standard telephones and cellular telephones to access a voice portal with streaming content from their telephones.

The following lists the elements of Figure 1 and describes their interconnections. Figure 1 includes a telephone 100, a cellular telephone 101, a computer 102, a telephone network 104, an Internet 106, a telephone gateway 107, a web server 108, a voice portal 110, a shared database 112, a personalized site 130, a streaming content server 150, a local streaming content server 170 and a streaming content path 170. The cellular telephone 101

and the telephone 100 are coupled in communication with the telephone network 104. The telephone network 104 is coupled in communication with the telephone gateway 107. The telephone gateway 107 is coupled in communication with the voice portal 110. The computer 102 and the streaming content server 150 is coupled in communication with the Internet 106. The Internet 106 is coupled in communication with the web server 108. The voice portal 110 and the web server 108 are coupled in communication with the shared database 112. The personalized site 130 is coupled in communication with the Internet 106. The local streaming content server 160 is coupled in communication with the voice portal 110.

10 The following describes each of the elements of Figure 1 in greater detail. The use of each of the elements will be described further in conjunction with the sections describing the personalization features.

The telephone 100 and the cellular telephone 101 are two different telephone interfaces to the voice portal 110. The telephone 100 and the cellular telephone 101 may be any sort of telephone and/or cellular telephone. For example the telephone 100 or the cellular telephone 101 may be a land line phone, a PBX telephone, a satellite phone, a wireless telephone, and/or any other type of communication device capable of providing voice communication and/or touch-tone signals over the telephone network 104. However, any audio signal carrying interface could be used.

20 The telephone network 104 may be the public switched telephone network (PSTN) and/or some other type of telephone network. For example, some embodiments of the invention may allow users with a voice over Internet Protocol (IP) phone to access the voice portal 110. The telephone network 104 is coupled to the telephone gateway 107 that allows the voice communications and/or touch-tone signals from the telephone network

104 to reach the voice portal 110 in usable form. Similarly, the telephone gateway 107 allows audio signals generated by the voice portal 110 to be sent over the telephone network 104 to respective telephones, e.g. the telephone 100. The telephone network 104 generally represents an audio signal carrying network.

5 The computer 102 is a computer such as a personal computer, a thin client computer, a server computer, a handheld computer, a set top box computer, and/or some other type of visual web browsing device. The computer 102 is coupled in communication with the Internet 106, e.g. by a dial-up connection, a digital subscriber loop (DSL), a cable modem, and/or some other type of connection. This allows the computer 102 to
10 communicate with the web server 108. The computer 102 typically provides a visual interface to the WWW and the web server 108 using web browsing software such as Internet Explorer™ from Microsoft Corporation, Redmond, Washington.

Both the web server 108 and the voice portal 110 are capable of communicating with the shared database 112 to register users, build personal profiles implicitly and/or
15 explicitly as will be described more fully below. The database 112 stores profiles for each user based on an association between one or more pieces of telephone identifying information and a particular user. Thus, the database may have a profile for a user Sarah Smith that is keyed to her home telephone number, e.g. 650-493-####. Additionally, Sarah could associate other numbers, e.g. work, cellular, etc., with her profile either implicitly,
20 e.g. by repeatedly calling the voice portal 110 from those numbers, or explicitly, e.g. by adding those numbers to the system directly.

In some embodiments, an existing profile for a web-based portal is adapted for use by the voice portal 110 by associating one or more telephone numbers with the existing profile as stored in the shared database 112. In these embodiments, the existing profile

may be further modified for use with the voice portal 110 to allow for different preferences between the web and the voice interfaces.

The call flow arrows 114-122 shown on Figure 1 will be described in greater detail below.

5 The streaming content server 170 represents any computer system capable of providing streaming content. The streaming content server 170 could be a server provided by Real Networks, Microsoft Corporation, Apple Computer, Inc., or any number of streaming content deliver systems. The local content server 160 is similar to the streaming content server 170 except that the local content server 160 is directly accessible to the
10 voice portal 110 (i.e., not requiring an Internet access).

 The streaming content path 170 represents logical paths by which streaming content can be delivered telephones. The streaming content path 170 shows that the streaming content is accessed from the streaming content server 150, or the local streaming content server 160, sent through the voice portal 110, the telephone gateway
15 107 and the telephone network 104, to be delivered to the telephone 100 (or cellular phone 101).

 Figure 2 illustrates the components of a voice portal supporting streaming and personalized content. This could be used to support the voice portal 110.

 The following lists the elements of Figure 2 and describes their interconnections.

20 The voice portal 110 is coupled in communication with the telephone gateway 107. The voice portal 110 includes a call manager 200, an execution engine 202, a data connectivity engine 220, an evaluation engine 222 and a streaming engine 224. Additionally Figure 2 includes elements that may be included in the voice portal 110, or which may be separate from, but coupled to, the voice portal 110. Thus Figure 2 also includes a recognition server

210, a text to speech server 214, an audio repository 212, the local streaming content server 160, the shared database 112, a database 226, the Internet 106, a database 228 and a web site 230. The call manager 200 within the voice portal 110 is coupled to the execution engine 202. The execution engine 202 is coupled to the recognition server 210, the text to
5 speech server 214, the audio repository 212, data connectivity engine 220, the evaluation engine 222 and the streaming engine 224. The voice portal 110 is coupled in communication with the shared database 112, the database 226 and the Internet 106. The Internet 106 is coupled in communication with the streaming content server 150 and the database 228 and the web site 230.

10 The following describes each of the elements of Figure 2 in greater detail. The use of each of the elements will be described further in conjunction with the sections describing the personalization features and the streaming content features.

Typically, the voice portal 110 is implemented using one or more computers. The computers may be server computers such as UNIX workstations, personal computers
15 and/or some other type of computers. Each of the components of the voice portal 110 may be implemented on a single computer, multiple computers and/or in a distributed fashion. Thus, each of the components of the voice portal 110 is a functional unit that may be divided over multiple computers and/or multiple processors. The voice portal 110 represents an example of a telephone interface subsystem. Different components may be
20 included in a telephone interface subsystem. For example, a telephone interface subsystem may include one or more of the following components: the call manager 200, the execution engine, the data connectivity 220, the evaluation engine 222, the streaming engine 224, the audio repository 212, the text to speech 214 and/or the recognition engine 210.

The call manager 200 is responsible for scheduling call and process flow among the various components of the voice portal 110. The call manager 200 sequences access to the execution engine 202. Similarly, the execution engine 202 handles access to the recognition server 210, the text to speech server 214, the audio repository 212, the data
5 connectivity engine 220, the evaluation engine 222 and the streaming engine 224.

The recognition server 210 supports voice, or speech, recognition. The recognition server 210 may use Nuance 6™ recognition software from Nuance Communications, Menlo Park, California, and/or some other speech recognition product. The execution engine 202 provides necessary grammars to the recognition server 210 to assist in the
10 recognition process. The results from the recognition server 210 can then be used by the execution engine 202 to further direct the call session. Additionally, the recognition server 110 may support voice login using products such as Nuance Verifier™ and/or other voice login and verification products.

The text to speech server 214 supports the conversion of text to synthesized speech
15 for transmission over the telephone gateway 107. For example, the execution engine 202 could request that the phrase, "The temperature in Palo Alto, California, is currently 58 degrees and rising" be spoken to a caller. That phrase would be translated to speech by the text to speech server 214 for playback over the telephone network on the telephone (e.g. the telephone 100). Additionally the text to speech server 214 may respond using a
20 selected dialect and/or other voice character settings appropriate for the caller.

The audio repository 212 may include recorded sounds and/or voices. In some embodiments the audio repository 212 is coupled to one of the databases (e.g. the database 226, the database 228 and/or the shared database 112) for storage of audio files. Typically,

the audio repository server 212 responds to requests from the execution engine 202 to play a specific sound or recording.

For example, the audio repository 212 may contain a standard voice greeting for callers to the voice portal 110, in which case the execution engine 202 could request
5 play-back of that particular sound file. The selected sound file would then be delivered by the audio repository 212 through the call manager 200 and across the telephone gateway 107 to the caller on the telephone, e.g. the telephone 100. Additionally, the telephone gateway 107 may include digital signal processors (DSPs) that support the generation of sounds and/or audio mixing. Some embodiments of the invention include telephony
10 systems from Dialogics, an Intel Corporation.

The execution engine 202 supports the execution of multiple threads with each thread operating one or more applications for a particular call to the voice portal 110. Thus, for example, if the user has called in to the voice portal 110, a thread may be started to provide her/him a voice interface to the system and for accessing other options.

15 In some embodiments of the invention an extensible markup language (XML)-style language is used to program applications. Each application is then written in the XML-style language and executed in a thread on the execution engine 202. In some embodiments, an XML-style language such as VoiceXML from the VoiceXML Forum, <http://www.voicexml.org/>, is extended for use by the execution engine 202 in the voice
20 portal 110.

Additionally, the execution engine 202 may access the data connectivity engine 220 for access to databases and web sites (e.g. the shared database 112, the web site 230), the evaluation engine 222 for computing tasks and the streaming engine 224 for presentation of streaming media and audio.

The streaming engine 224 may allow users of the voice portal 110 to access streaming audio content, or the audio portion of streaming video content, over the telephone interface. For example, a streaming media broadcast from ZDNet™ could be accessed by the streaming engine 224 for playback through the voice portal. The

5 streaming engine 224 can act as a streaming content client to a streaming content server, e.g., the streaming engine 224 can act like a RealPlayer software client to receive streaming content broadcasts from a Real Networks server. Additionally, the streaming engine 224 can participate in a streaming content broadcast by acting like a streaming broadcast forwarding server. This second function is particularly useful where multiple

10 users are listening to the same broadcast at the same time (e.g., multiple users may call into the voice portal 110 to listen to the same live streaming broadcast of a company's conference call with the analysts).

The data connectivity engine 220 supports access to a variety of databases including databases accessed across the Internet 106, e.g. the database 228, and also access

15 to web sites over the Internet such as the web site 230. In some embodiments the data connectivity engine can access standard query language (SQL) databases, open database connectivity databases (ODBC), and/or other types of databases. The shared database 112 is represented separately from the other databases in Figure 2; however, the shared database 112 may in fact be part of one of the other databases, e.g. the database 226. Thus,

20 the shared database 112 is distinguished from other databases accessed by the voice portal 110 in that it contains user profile information.

Having described the hardware and software architecture supporting various embodiments of the invention, the various personalization features provided by different embodiments of the invention will now be described. After the personalization features,

the streaming content aspects of various embodiments of the invention are described in detail.

D. Telephone Driven Profile Building

Turning to Figure 3, the process of creating a profile using a telephone interface will be described. This process will be described with reference to the call flow arrows shown on Figure 1 as well.

The voice portal 110 is able to flexibly handle multiple callers from a single telephone, e.g. Tom and Dick are roommates and both call from 650-493-####. Similarly, the voice portal 110 is able to handle a single caller that uses multiple telephones, e.g. Tom has a cell phone 650-245-####, his home phone 650-493-####, and a work phone 408-301-####. The manner in which the voice portal 110 can handle some of the above situations will be discussed throughout. In the example used while describing Figure 3, the process will be described using a caller Jane Smith as an exemplary caller who has never registered with the voice portal 110 from any telephone and an exemplary caller John Doe who has previously called the voice portal 110 from his telephone 100.

First, at step 300, telephone identifying information is received. This is shown in Figure 1 by call flow arrow 114 representing the transfer of telephone identifying information through the telephone gateway 107 to the voice portal 110. This step occurs after a user has placed a call to the voice portal 110 with a telephone, e.g. the telephone 100.

Next, at step 302, a determination is made as to whether the telephone identifying information corresponds to a known profile, e.g. is the user registered? Some examples may be illustrative. If Jane Smith uses the cellular telephone 101 to call the voice portal

110 for the first time, her telephone identifying information will not be associated with any existing unique profile in the shared database 112. Therefore, at step 302, the determination would be made that she is not registered and the process would continue at step 304. In contrast, John Doe has previously called the voice portal from the telephone 100 and so his telephone identifying information will be associated with a profile in the shared database 112 and the process would continue at step 306.

If, the telephone identifying information is not associated with an existing profile in the shared database 112, a new profile is created at step 304. The new profile may be initialized using a variety of information derived from the telephone identifying information and/or predetermined values for the voice portal 110. Thus, for example, when Jane Smith calls for the first time from the cellular telephone 101, an initial profile can be created using the calling number, e.g. 650-493-####, included in the telephone identifying information to select initial profile settings. The call flow arrow 116 shows this process on Figure 1. The use of the telephone identifying information to create an initial profile is discussed below in the section "Automatic Profile Initialization".

In some embodiments, the profile is not initialized using the telephone identifying information. In other embodiments, the user may be explicitly queried by the voice portal 110 to create one or more components of the initial profile, e.g. "Please speak your first name", to allow for more personalized prompting by the voice portal 110. Once a profile is created, the process continues at step 306.

At step 306, the profile is retrieved from the shared database 112 as shown by the call flow arrow 118. The profile can be updated throughout the call based on the user's behavior and actions -- implicit preferences -- as well as explicit requests from the user to

customize the voice portal 110. Once a profile is selected at step 306, the personalized content can be presented to the user as shown by the call flow arrow 122 in Figure 1.

For example, John Doe, who is calling from the telephone 100, already has a profile in the shared database 112. That profile may indicate that John prefers a southern dialect and likes to hear a quick stock market report immediately on call in. Thus, for John, his telephone identifying information serves to log him directly into the system and trigger the personalized behavior unique to him: a quick stock market report in a southern dialect. In contrast, a different caller, Sarah Brown, from a different telephone will be provided different personalized content based on that telephone identifying information.

The voice portal may support multiple callers from a single telephone. For example, Sarah Brown and John Doe may both use the telephone 100 to call the voice portal 110. In the case where two or more profiles are identified with the same telephone identifying information, the voice portal may prompt for a password or other unique identifier, either as voice or touch-tone, to select among the profiles.

However, as a general matter, the voice portal is configured to minimize the need for a caller to provide a password. Thus, during a single call session, the caller is typically only asked to provide her/his password a single time. However, some embodiments of the invention may require that a password always be used to complete commercial transactions and/or after the passage of a predetermined period, e.g. ten minutes since last password prompt. In some embodiments, the user may adjust her/his profile to allow login without a password for playback features.

Also, a single profile can be associated with multiple calling numbers. For example, the user Jane Doe could specify that both the telephone 100 and the cellular telephone 101 should be associated with her profile. Similarly, if Jane calls from a new

telephone, e.g. pay phone, she can provide her existing telephone number and her password to access her profile. In some embodiments, whenever the user calls from a new telephone number, she/he is prompted as to whether to remember the number for future use. In some embodiments, additional telephone identifying information, e.g. this is a pay
5 phone, is used so that the caller is not prompted to associated telephone numbers that are likely to be single time uses with her/his profile. Similarly, voice verification may be used to recognize a caller's voice instead of, or in addition to, using a password or other identification number.

Typical events that would require a password, or that the user be authenticated
10 previously with a password, might include adding and removing items from the user profile through explicit commands as well as requests for specific personal information, e.g. that user's stock portfolio, bank account balances, etc.

It is not necessary for callers to the voice portal 110 to explicitly specify their preferences using this embodiment of the invention. The callers' behaviors and actions are
15 used by the voice portal 110 to adopt implicit preferences, sometimes after receiving confirmation. For example, behaviors and actions reflecting repeated access to a content in a particular topic, or a particular topic, may cause the voice portal 110 to automatically include the repeatedly requested content in the default message.

For example, if a caller from New York City repeatedly asks for the weather in San
20 Francisco, the system can add the San Francisco weather to the standard weather report. Alternatively, the system may request confirmation before adding the weather report, e.g. "Would you like me to include San Francisco in the standard weather report?" Similarly, at the level of topics, users who repeatedly ask for information about business related issues may find that the system will adjust the main menu to include business. Similarly, if

that same user never asks for sports scores, that option may drop off the main menu. In some embodiments, the system may ask for confirmation before modifying the menu choices, or the system may notify the user of a modification and/or allow a user to review/change past modifications. As a result, the structure and content of the call may change, e.g. San Francisco weather will be announced at the beginning of future calls and sports information may be omitted.

Through the use of this process, the need for a specialized editing mode of the type seen on customizable web portals is reduced. The user's actions and behaviors shape the options presented to her/him. Thus, reducing the need to explicitly pick topics and/or content in an editing mode. However, some embodiments of the invention may allow for explicit profile creation in an editing mode over the web, see below, and/or over the telephone. Also, users are typically permitted to add and remove topics and/or items at will with explicit commands, e.g. "Remember this", "Remove", "Add to my stock list", etc.

E. Web Driven Profile Building

Turning to Figure 4, the process of modifying a profile for use over a telephone interface over the web will be described. This process will be described with reference to the call flow arrows shown on Figure 1 as well.

The process shown in Figure 4 assumes that a profile has already been created, e.g. by calling for the first time as described above. However, in some embodiments of the invention, users may create profiles using the web interface by providing the telephone identifying information for their primary calling phone number and a password. As is the case with the telephone registration process described in step 304, the telephone

identifying information provided, here the primary calling phone number, can be used to create the initial profile.

Starting at step 400, the profile is accessed using a computer (e.g. the computer 102) via a web interface. The web interface is provided by a web server (e.g. the web server 108) and allows for access to the shared database 112 as shown by the call flow arrow 120.

Once the user has signed in to access her/his profile on the computer, she/he can manually identify content and topics to build her/his profile at step 404. This can be supported by allowing the user to specify topics from a list of topics and then specifying per topic content from a list of content. For example, the topics might include business, sports, news, entertainment, and weather, to name a few. The user could include weather, news, and business in her/his main menu and then further customize the specific content to be presented within those topics. For example, within weather, the user might select the specific cities she/he wants listed in her/his weather menu and/or the cities for which the weather is automatically played.

Alternatively, at step 402, the user can identify a web location with personalized content to use in building her/his profile, e.g. a uniform resource indicator (URI). For example, Figure 1 includes the personalized site 130. The personalized site 130 could be a customized portal web page, e.g. myYahoo!, My Netscape, etc., a home page the user herself/himself has designed, and/or any other web page that includes content of interest to the user. The user can identify the personalized site with a uniform resource indicator (URI), including a login identifier and password if necessary, e.g. for myYahoo! The personalized site 130 can then be accessed and the pertinent user preferences, e.g. news, stocks, selected. Taking the example of a customized portal site, the main topics selected,

e.g. horoscopes, and the content within, Sagittarius, could be adopted. However, the voice portal 110 may present its own content for that particular item, e.g. the version of the Sagittarius horoscope on the voice portal 110 not the version from the personalized site 130.

5 The processes of step 402 and step 404 can be used together allowing a user to quickly transfer preferences from a web portal to her/his voice portal while still supporting explicit personalization.

10 Alternatively, in some embodiments of the invention, an existing web portal profile is voice enabled for use by a voice portal through the association of telephone identifying information with the existing web portal. In this embodiment, at step 402, the telephone identifying information, e.g. the primary calling number, is associated with an existing web profile, e.g. myYahoo! profile, stored in the shared database 112 and that existing web profile is then usable from the voice portal 110 either using voice or touch-tone commands.

15 Additionally, web sites like the personalized site 130 may be accessed using the voice portal 110 in some embodiments of the invention through the use of the data connectivity engine 220 as shown in Figure 2.

F. Profile Building Via Other Web Sites

20 Some embodiments of the invention may allow users of the voice portal 110 to add to their profile from other web sites. For example, if a user of the computer 102 is accessing a web site (e.g. the personalized site 130), the web site might include a link like "Add this to your voice portal." Thus, for example, from a service such as MapQuest™ or

Ameritrade™, the user could click on a link to add a particular piece of content or a particular topic to their portal for the voice portal 110.

For example, a user could add her/his "QQQ" stock symbol to her/his profile on the voice portal 110 even though the voice portal 110 may be operated independently of the particular web site.

This type of web based profile building allows for widespread profile building for the voice portal 110 from a variety of Internet sites. Also, in some embodiments, the web browser software on the user's computer (e.g. the computer 102) can support an option to add a bookmark to the user's profile stored in the shared database 112 for the voice portal 110. For example, a menu option in the browser on the computer 102 might include "Add Page to Voice Portal Shortcuts" and upon selecting that menu option, the current web page would be added to the user's profile on the voice portal 110.

This would typically be accomplished by accessing a URI on the web server 108 that included the information to be added. At that point, the web server 108 might ask for a primary calling phone number and/or a password. In some embodiments, a cookie stored by the browser on the computer 102 may be used to obviate one or both of these steps. After the user provides the information, or it is accepted automatically, a confirmation page may be shown including a return link to the originating web page. Several example URI's for adding content are shown below:

```
<http://www.voiceportal.com/add.cgi?topic=stock%20quote&content=QQQ>  
<http://www.voiceportal.com/add.cgi?shortcut=MapQuest&ref=www.mapquest.com/voice.vxml>  
<http://www.voiceportal.com/add.cgi?shortcut=myYahoo&ref=my.yahoo.com/voice.vxml&login=jdoe>
```

These examples are illustrative of the various types of URI's that can be placed as links on web sites to allow users of the voice portal 110 to further customize their profile.

G. Locale Based Personalization

Turning to Figure 5, the basic personalization framework used by several embodiments of the invention is presented. At step 500, a request is made for content, or a topic. Then one or more of steps 502-510 take place, in parallel or sequence, and then the content is presented at step 512. Which of steps 502-510 occur for a given request may be determined based on the topic or content requested. For example, step 504 can be omitted when non-time dependent information is presented.

Turning to step 502, the customization of content based on the calling locale. The telephone identifying information includes information about the caller's locale independent of any user provided registration information. This information can be derived from telephone routing tables that provide a descriptive name for each area code/exchange combination within the North American Numbering Plan (NANP). Thus, the phone number 650-493-#### would be associated with "Palo Alto, California". Similarly, 650-592-#### would be associated with "San Carlos, California".

This information may be directly present in the telephone identifying information provided to the voice portal 110, or may be ascertained from a local exchange routing guide (LERG). For international callers outside the NANP, similar types of telephone identifying information can be mapped to locales within countries to the extent permitted by the particular numbering plan.

The city-state combination may correspond to multiple locales for the purposes of the voice portal 110. For example, a county-wide or multi-city locale can be defined that encompasses multiple area code/exchange combinations. Thus, a single caller may be in multiple locales.

Locale information can be further refined through the use of additional databases, e.g. city/state to zip code databases, street address to five digit zip code databases, reverse lookup databases that map phone numbers to street addresses, longitude-latitude conversion databases, and/or other databases that provide locale related information from telephone identifying information. Thus, for example, V and H coordinates might be determined using the telephone identifying information. Those can be further converted to a longitude and latitude to determine the locale. Alternatively, a reverse phone number database could be used to find a specific street address for the telephone identifying information.

Examples of the uses for the locale information include: providing locale-appropriate lottery results, providing driving directions to a requested destination, providing locale-appropriate weather reports, providing locale-appropriate show times for movies other events, e.g. cultural, governmental, etc., traffic reports, yellow page listings, and/or providing other locale-related information.

H. Time/Date Based Personalization

Turning to step 504, the customization of content based on the time and/or date will now be described. The telephone identifying information includes information about the caller's locale independent of any user provided registration information. This information can be derived from telephone routing tables that provide a descriptive name for each area code/exchange combination within the NANP. Thus, the phone number 650-493-#### would be associated with "Palo Alto, California" and thus the correct time zone, Pacific, could be selected as well.

This time zone may be directly present in the telephone identifying information provided to the voice portal 110, or may be ascertained from the LERG. For international callers outside the NANP, similar types of telephone identifying information can be mapped to locales within countries to the extent permitted by the particular numbering plan. Thus, callers from United Kingdom numbers would be mapped to British Standard Time.

The time zone information allows the voice portal 110 to customize the presentation of information based on the time in the caller's locale. Callers can use a single nationwide, or international, number to reach the voice portal 110, e.g. 800-###-####. The voice portal 110 will use the time zone information to adjust the content presented to each user.

Thus, during the lunch hour, the voice portal 110 might report a stock quote to the user while on a Friday evening, the voice portal 110 might suggest a movie. For example, "It is Friday night, would you be interested in seeing a movie?" A "yes" response by the caller will lead to the presentation of a list that is both time and date adapted and locale appropriate. For example, a caller from Palo Alto at six o'clock p.m. on a Friday would hear about show times after six o'clock p.m. in his local area.

If necessary, the voice portal 110 may connect the user to an appropriate transaction system to complete a user requested transaction such as the purchase of an airline ticket, a movie ticket, an audio CD, etc. However, in many instances, the voice portal 110 may be able to directly complete the transaction using the data connectivity engine 220 and access to the Internet 106 and/or one more databases (e.g. the database 226). This process can occur even if the caller has not explicitly provided the voice portal

110 her/his home location or the current time. For example, this personalized content might be presented immediately at after step 304 of Figure 3 in step 306.

Similarly, other time sensitive information can be presented such as airline schedules, cultural and other events, etc. Thus, for example a caller asking for flight times to New York from a 650-493-#### telephone number might be prompted to select one of the three local airports: San Francisco International, San Jose International, and Oakland International, and then the flight times to New York after the current time in the Pacific time zone would be presented.

Some additional examples include customizing the presentation of business reports based on whether or not the market is open; modifying the greeting prompt based on the time of day; and providing traffic information automatically during commute hours, but not at other times.

I. Targeted Advertising

Embodiments of the invention support the presentation of targeted advertising, or other content, to callers of the voice portal 110 as shown at step 508. The two primary types of targeted advertising supported by embodiments of the invention will be described. The different types of targeted advertising can be combined as well.

1. Based Solely on Telephone Identifying Information

Telephone identifying information can be used to reference demographic information about callers from a particular area. For example, if the telephone identifying information includes the calling number 650-493-####, corresponding to Palo Alto, California, general demographic information about callers from that particular region can

be used to target the advertising, or other content. Further, if a reverse lookup database is used, the phone number can, in some instances, locate specific demographic information for a given household, or caller.

This personalization allows the targeting of advertising to qualified callers by the voice portal 112. For example, an advertiser of expensive luxury vehicles might request that its callers be qualified based on their income, or a particular psychographic attribute, e.g. fun-loving. In that case, the demographic profile corresponding to the telephone identifying information can be used to qualify the caller. Thus, callers from the relatively affluent city of Palo Alto, California might receive the advertising. Similarly, if a particular household meets the requirements based on a reverse lookup, those households can receive the advertising as well.

2. Based on Profile

Another source of information about the caller is the profile used by the shared database 112. This profile may indicate interests based on the explicit and implicit preferences, e.g. likes sports, and can be used in combination with the telephone identifying information to more closely tailor ads to the caller.

For example, if the caller has added movie and entertainment information to her/his profile, either explicitly or implicitly, advertising related to movies and entertainment could be favored over other qualified advertising based on the caller's profile. Other examples include providing brokerage, and other financial services, advertisements to callers who frequently check stock quotes and/or have a customized stock list.

J. Adaptive Voice Character

Turning to step 508, the customization of content through adaptive voice character will now be described. The telephone identifying information includes information about the caller's locale independent of any user provided registration information. The locales
5 may be associated with one or more standard voice character settings, e.g. for dialect, and also idiomatic speech. Thus, callers from California may receive different prompts and a different dialect from the voice portal than callers from Florida.

Similarly, the telephone identifying information may include information about the type of phone, e.g. pay phone, hospital phone, etc., that can be used to adjust the voice
10 character, e.g. louder and slower speech.

Additionally, the caller's speaking voice may be used to refine the voice character of the system. Thus, callers with speech patterns from a particular region of the country may find that after several verbal interactions with the voice portal, the content being presented at step 512 is being spoken using a voice character more suited to their own
15 speech patterns. Similarly, in response to callers who request that information be repeated several times, the voice character for those callers may be slowed and played back louder. Additional examples include allowing users to select different voice actors, different background music and/or sound effects, control the verbosity of prompts, etc.

K. Purchase Recommendations

20 Turning to step 510, the customization of content through purchase suggestions. Based on the caller's profile -- as retrieved through the telephone identifying information --

and/or demographic information from other sources, e.g. locale based and/or reverse lookup, the system can make purchasing suggestions.

The suggestions could be based on the caller's locale and what others in that locale have purchased. In other embodiments, the suggestions may be based on the profile of the user relative to other user's purchases. In some embodiments, approaches such as collaborative filtering are used to generate recommendations.

Examples of recommendations may include particular goods and services, e.g. flowers for Mom a few days before Mother's Day. Further, the exact suggestion may vary based on the caller's past habits, e.g. in the past you bought chocolates so this year chocolates might be suggested again. Alternatively, if many people from your locale are buying a particular book that might be suggested as well. The particular purchase recommendation may relate to goods and services offered independently, by, and/or in affiliation with the operator of the voice portal 110.

L. Voice Login

As discussed above, the system may support the use of one or more passwords, either spoken or touch-tone for login and authentication purposes. The passwords provide for protection against modifications to a user's profile without authentication. Additionally, certain specific actions, e.g. making a purchase, listening to certain types of personalized content, etc., may require authentication.

Typically, the authentication system will support either a voice or a touch-tone password for users of the voice portal 110. This flexibility addresses situations where the voice password is not working due to line conditions and/or conditions of the calling telephone. Products such as Nuance Verifier™ and/or other voice login and verification

products may be used to provide the voice login feature. In some embodiments, both types of authentication may be required.

Once logged in, or authenticated, embodiments of the invention may minimize the need for the user to re-authenticate herself/himself, as described above. Additionally, the password, either voice and/or touch-tone, used for authentication for telephone sessions may be the same or different as any passwords used for authentication for web access to the profile customization options described in conjunction with Figure 4.

M. Automatic Profile Initialization

As discussed in conjunction with Figure 3, it may be desirable to initialize the profile using the telephone identifying information. The telephone identifying information can be used to select an appropriate demographic profile and list of topics based on the calling locale. In other embodiments, a reverse lookup of the calling number provided with the telephone identifying information is used to obtain a specific demographic profile for a caller and/or her/his household.

Then the demographic information derived from the locale and/or the reverse lookup are used to set initial profile values. For example, the user's income might be estimated based on the average income for the calling locale, e.g. Palo Alto, California, or from demographic information from the reverse lookup. Similarly, the caller's initial topics might be selected based on commonly selected topics for her/his locale and/or the preferences available based on the demographic information retrieved by the reverse lookup.

These initial values may be revised based on a caller's later actions. For example, if the initial estimate of a caller's age is too high, later actions may cause that information to

be revised. Similarly, callers may be permitted to explicitly provide certain types of demographic information as needed. For example, the user might provide her/his birth date to a horoscope feature provided by the voice portal 110, in that instance, the birth date might be incorporated into the profile.

5 N. Streaming Content Delivery

The preceding discussion has focused on personalization of content for users accessing the voice portal 110. This section describes special treatment of streaming content within various embodiments of the invention. Fig. 6 illustrates an example use of the system of Fig. 1. to deliver streaming content to a telephone user. Note that some of
10 the blocks in Fig. 6 can be executed in different order and/or performed in parallel.

At block 610, the execution engine 202 receives a request to access an Internet site. This request could come from a number of different sources (e.g., a voice command from the user, a selection by the user of a menu of possible sites, a command from another part of the voice portal 110 because of some personalization choices made by the user). What
15 is important is that some Internet related request is received. In some embodiments, the request may correspond to a URI (Uniform Resource Identifier). Note, if the URI corresponds to non-streaming data, then the voice portal 110 acts as described above.

At block 620, information about the streaming content is determined. The type and source of streaming content can have different effects on the streaming engine 224. For
20 example, if the content stream complies with Real Network's standard, then the streaming engine 224 may use the RealPlayer client functional code. The streaming engine 224 could decide to cache a large part of the streaming content if the streaming content server is not local. Additionally, the streaming engine 224 may notify the server to send only the audio

streaming content. What is important is that the streaming engine 224 may make decisions about how to access and process the content stream based upon the type and/or location of the Internet site being accessed.

At block 630, the voice portal 110 begins to receive the streaming content. This can include receive packets of streaming content and converting the streaming content into digital audio data. Alternatively, no conversion is needed where the streaming content is sent in a format compatible with internal representation of the audio data within the voice portal 110. Note, only a portion of the entire stream is processed at any one time. The stream is received in parts and, as such, is processed in parts.

At block 640, the execution engine may cause the audio data may be mixed with additional audio data. This may be done when user menu prompts/notices from the voice portal 110 are supplied overtop of the audio from the streaming audio signal. This mixing may be done in the telephone gateway 107 and/or in the computers running the voice portal 110. Examples of the types of audio signals mixed can include streaming content from the local streaming content server 160, streaming content from the streaming content server 150, audio from the text to speech engine 214, and/or audio content from the audio repository 212. This allows prompts, system notifications, menu options, and other user interface features to be combined with streaming content delivery. The mixing may be accomplished by reducing the power level of the streaming content and adding the second signal. Mixing may also be achieve by inserting an audio signal into the stream. This allows for the insertion of advertisements, systems prompts, etc. Note that, like the audio signal from the streaming content, the audio retrieved from the local streaming content server 160, the text to speech engine 214, and/or the audio repository 212, may need to be converted to a form compatible with the representation of audio within the voice portal

110. For example, the audio repository 212 may store audio signals in many different forms (e.g., .WAV form, MP3, MIDI, etc.), these forms may need to be converted into the internal representation of audio signals within the voice portal 110. This conversion may also include resolving a location of stored audio information. For example, if the audio repository 212 refers to audio data stored at another location (e.g. on the Internet) , the voice portal 110 may need to resolve the address, download the audio signal, and then convert the signal to the appropriate internal representation. Note, the voice portal 110 may use multiple internal representations of audio data.

At block 650, the mixed audio signal is sent from the telephone gateway 107, through the PSTN, to the user's telephone.

At block 660, a test is made to determine whether the entire stream has been received. If not, block 630 through 660 are repeated.

Thus, the user receives streaming content from the Internet on their telephone. The following describes important aspects of the invention that enhance the user's experience with the voice portal 110.

1. User Controls

Through touch tone and/or voice commands, the user can control the delivering of the streaming content. Various embodiments of the invention allow for variations and combinations of the following commands:

- Volume control – increase/decrease the volume of the audio
- Start/stop/pause/skip/fast forward/rewind – allows the user to control the stream. Some of these commands use caching of the content by the voice portal 110. Where the

streaming content server supports these commands, the streaming engine 224 may pass these commands to the server.

- Stream location – indicates how far into the stream the user is and/or how long the stream is and/or how much is left in the stream.

- 5 • Switch streams – allows the user to switch to another content stream

- Restore - allows the user to restore a previous stream to the user's last location.

- Rate – indicates the rate at which the content stream is being received by the voice portal 110.

- Jump – allows the user to jump in the stream to subject matter of interest. To use this
10 command, the voice portal 110 performs voice recognition on the content stream (this may involve caching portions of the content stream) and searches for the corresponding phrase, subject matter, word, etc.

- Extra – this command tells the user about the metadata for a stream. The data may include the length, title, source, and/or server type.

15 2. Additional Features

This section describes additional features of various embodiments of the invention.

The voice portal 110 can support channels. The channels correspond to specific content types such as business, sports, etc. The channels may include streaming data. A user could select a channel and have data from various sources combined and delivered to
20 him/her.

History capabilities may be included. This allows the user to select from previously accessed Internet sites to replay streaming content or new content from the same site.

To support the business, the voice portal 110 may insert advertisements in the streaming content. This may be done by adding advertisements before, during, or after, the streaming content is delivered to the user. The ads may be determined from the user's preferences.

5 Some embodiments of the invention may use text feeds as part of their streaming content. For example, some embodiments of the invention may use the closed caption translation of a portion of a audio broadcast to provide streaming translation facilities to a user.

10 Some embodiments of the invention allow for the mixing of audio from sources other than the local streaming content server 160, the text to speech engine 214, or the audio repository 212. As noted above, the voice portal 110 may access non-streaming audio data from the Internet to mix with streaming content audio signals.

O. Conclusion

15 Thus, a voice portal for presenting streaming content over a telephone interface has been described. The streaming content may be supplied from the Internet and may be combined with other signals. Personalization of the data may also occur. The personalized information provided over the voice portal may come from the World Wide Web (WWW), databases, third parties, and/or other sources. Telephone identifying information is used by embodiments of the invention to personalize caller interactions with the voice
20 portal.

 The foregoing description of various embodiments of the invention has been presented for purposes of illustration and description. It is not intended to limit the

invention to the precise forms disclosed. Many modifications and equivalent arrangements will be apparent.

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CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1 1. A method of providing streaming content from the Internet to a telephone using a
2 computer system, the computer system including a telephone interface system coupled in
3 communications with an Internet access system, the telephone interface system being
4 coupled in communications with the telephone, the method comprising:

5 receiving an Internet access request, the Internet access request corresponding to

6 an Internet site outside of the computer system;

7 receiving the streaming content from the Internet site, the streaming content

8 including an audio portion; and

9 sending at least the audio portion of the streaming content over the telephone

10 interface system to send an audio signal, corresponding to the audio portion, to

11 the telephone.

1 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the receiving the Internet access request comprises
2 receiving a verbal request to access the Internet site and performing voice recognition on
3 the verbal request to determine the Internet access request.

1 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the receiving the Internet access request comprises
2 receiving a series of one or more touch tone signals and decoding the series of one or more
3 touch tone signals to determine the Internet access request.

1 4. The method of claim 1, further comprising providing a menu corresponding to
2 accessible Internet sites, and wherein the receiving the Internet access request corresponds
3 to receiving a selection from the menu.

1 5. The method of claim 1, further comprising determining the type of streaming
2 content and converting the corresponding type of streaming content into an audio portion.

1 6. The method of claim 1, wherein the Internet access system includes a web server,
2 wherein the web server connects to the Internet site to receive the streaming content.

1 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the streaming content is received as packet data
2 from a packet switched network and wherein the telephone interface system communicates
3 the audio signal to the Public Switched Telephone Network.

1 8. The method of claim 1, wherein the Internet access request is translated into a URI.

1 9. The method of claim 1, wherein the computer system includes personalized
2 content information and wherein the Internet access request is generated from the
3 personalized content information.

1 10. The method of claim 1, wherein the computer system further comprises a local
2 streaming content system, the local streaming content system including a second
3 streaming content, the second streaming content including at least a second audio portion,
4 and wherein the method further comprises accessing the local streaming content system to
5 provide a second audio signal corresponding to the second audio portion to the telephone.

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1 11. The method of claim 10, further comprising mixing the audio portion with the
2 second audio portion and wherein the audio signal corresponds to the mix.

1 12. The method of claim 10, wherein the computer system further comprises an audio
2 repository, wherein the method further comprises accessing the audio content from the
3 repository to provide to the telephone, and mixing the audio portion with the second audio
4 portion and the audio content.

1 13. The method of claim 1, wherein the computer system further comprises an audio
2 repository and wherein the method further comprises accessing the audio content from the
3 repository to provide to the telephone.

1 14. The method of claim 1, further comprising receiving a command, the command
2 corresponding to a request by the telephone user to adjust the sending of the audio portion,
3 and adjusting the sending of the audio portion.
4

1 15. The method of claim 13, wherein the command corresponds to a pause command,
2 and wherein the sending the audio portion is paused and wherein a pause command is sent
3 out to the Internet site.

1 16. The method of claim 1, wherein the command corresponds to a pause command,
2 and wherein the sending the audio portion is paused and wherein at least the audio portion
3 of the streaming content is cached during the pause.
4

1 17. A computer system to deliver streaming content from the Internet to a telephone,
 2 the computer system comprising:
 3 an Internet interface including at least one program to receive the streaming
 4 content from the Internet and extract a streaming audio signal from the
 5 streaming content;
 6 a telephone interface to send an audio signal to the telephone, the audio signal
 7 corresponding to the streaming audio signal; and
 8 a control subsystem to control the Internet interface and the telephone interface.

1 18. The computer system of claim 17, further comprising an audio repository storing
 2 audio storing sounds, and the computer system includes a second program to cause at least
 3 some sounds to be mixed with the streaming audio signal.

1 19. The computer system of claim 18, wherein the second computer mixes by adding
 2 the at least some sounds to the streaming audio signal.

1 20. The computer system of claim 18, wherein the second computer mixes by inserting
 2 the at least some sounds into the streaming audio signal.

1 21. The computer system of claim 18, wherein at least one sound is an advertisement.

1 22. The computer system of claim 21, wherein the computer system includes personal
 2 preference information and wherein the advertisement is chosen based at least partially
 3 upon the personal preference information.

23. The computer system of claim 18, wherein at least one sound is a system prompt.

24. The computer system of claim 17, wherein the telephone interface subsystem includes a call manager, the call manager supporting multiple simultaneous telephone calls over the telephone interface, at least one of the simultaneous telephone calls receiving the streaming audio signal.

25. A computer system delivering streaming content to a telephone, the streaming content being received from a Internet streaming content server, the computer system comprising:

means for receiving an Internet access request, the Internet access request corresponding to an Internet site outside of the computer system;

means for receiving the streaming content from the Internet streaming content server, the streaming content including an audio portion; and

means for sending at least the audio portion of the streaming to the telephone.

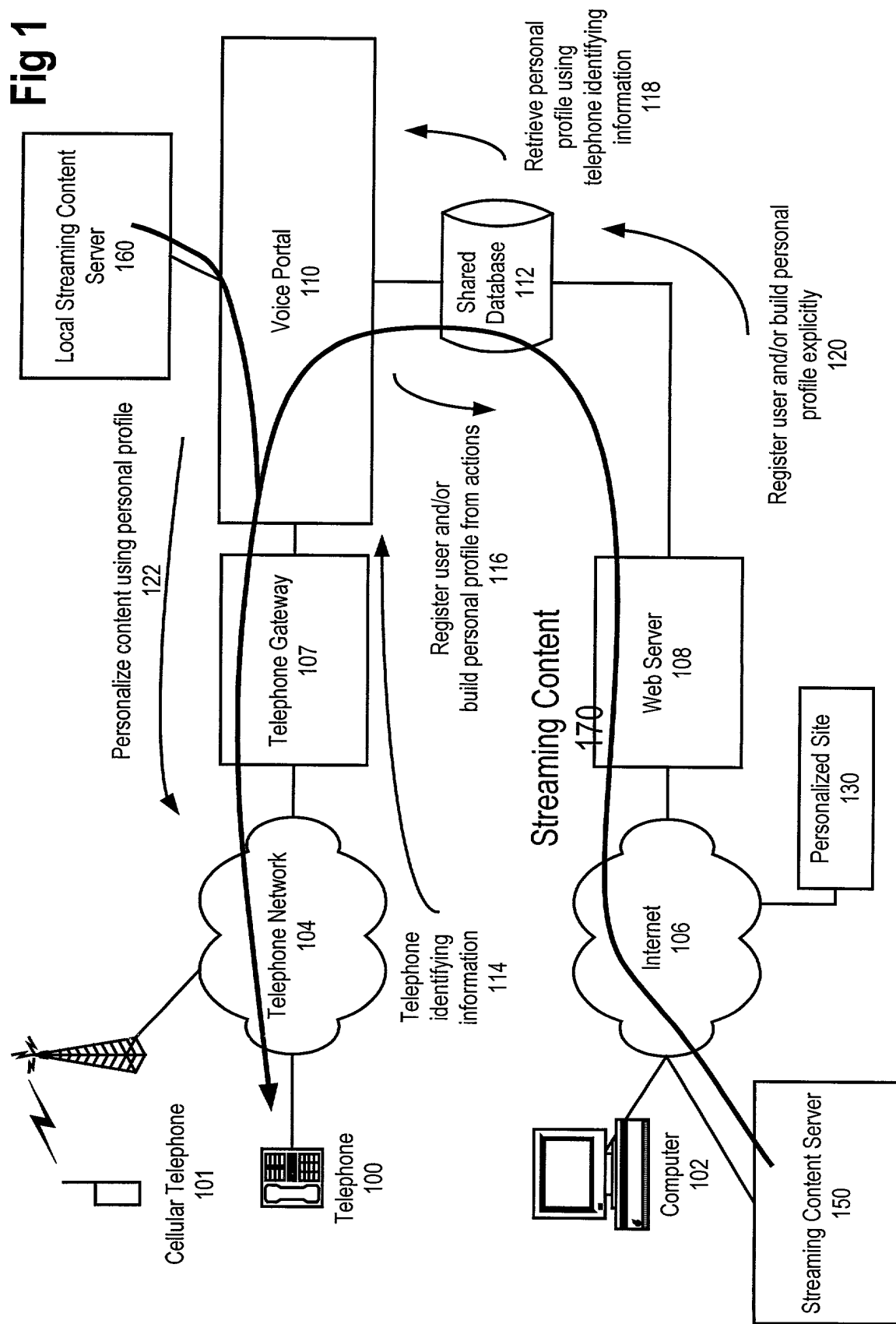
ABSTRACT

A method and apparatus for providing streaming content over telephones is described. The creation of a voice portal is supported by the invention. Embodiments of the invention use allows users to place a telephone call to access the voice portal. The user can access many different types of content. This content can include text based content which is read to the user by a text to speech system (e.g., news reports, stock prices, text content of Internet sites), audio content which can be played to the user (e.g., voicemail messages, music), and streaming audio content (e.g., Internet broadcast radio shows, streaming news reports, and streaming live broadcasts). This content can be accessed from many different places. For example, the content can be retrieved from a news feed, a local streaming content server, an audio repository, and/or an Internet based streaming content server. The streaming content allows the user to access live web broadcasts even though the user may not have access to a computer. The system allows audio signals from multiple sources to be combined to enhance the user experience. Additionally, the user can control many aspects of the delivery of the streaming content. Personalization features of the voice portal allow for an improved user experience during streaming content delivery.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	STREAMING CONTENT OVER A TELEPHONE INTERFACE	1
	TABLE OF CONTENTS	2
	BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION	4
5	Field of the Invention	4
	Description of the Related Art.....	4
	1. Telephone Identifying Information	5
	2. Examples of Telephone System Personalization.....	6
10	a. Personalization Generally	6
	b. Building Personalized Content on the Web.....	6
	c. Interactive Personalization.....	6
	d. Locale Selection	7
	e. Time Appropriate Information Presentation.....	7
	f. Targeted Advertising.....	8
15	g. Voice Character	9
	h. Purchase Recommendations.....	9
	i. Voice Login.....	10
	j. Initial Profile Generation from Database Lookups	10
	SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION.....	10
20	BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES	15
	DETAILED DESCRIPTION	16
	A. Introduction	16
	B. Definitions	17
25	1. Telephone Identifying Information	17
	2. User Profile.....	17
	3. Topics and Content.....	18
	4. Qualified	19
	5. Locale	19
	6. Voice Character	20
30	7. Demographic and Psychographic Profiles.....	20
	8. Streaming Content	21
	C. System Overview.....	21
	D. Telephone Driven Profile Building	29
	E. Web Driven Profile Building.....	33
35	F. Profile Building Via Other Web Sites.....	35
	G. Locale Based Personalization.....	37
	H. Time/Date Based Personalization.....	38
	I. Targeted Advertising	40
40	1. Based Solely on Telephone Identifying Information	40
	2. Based on Profile	41
	J. Adaptive Voice Character	42
	K. Purchase Recommendations.....	42
	L. Voice Login.....	43
	M. Automatic Profile Initialization.....	44

Fig 1



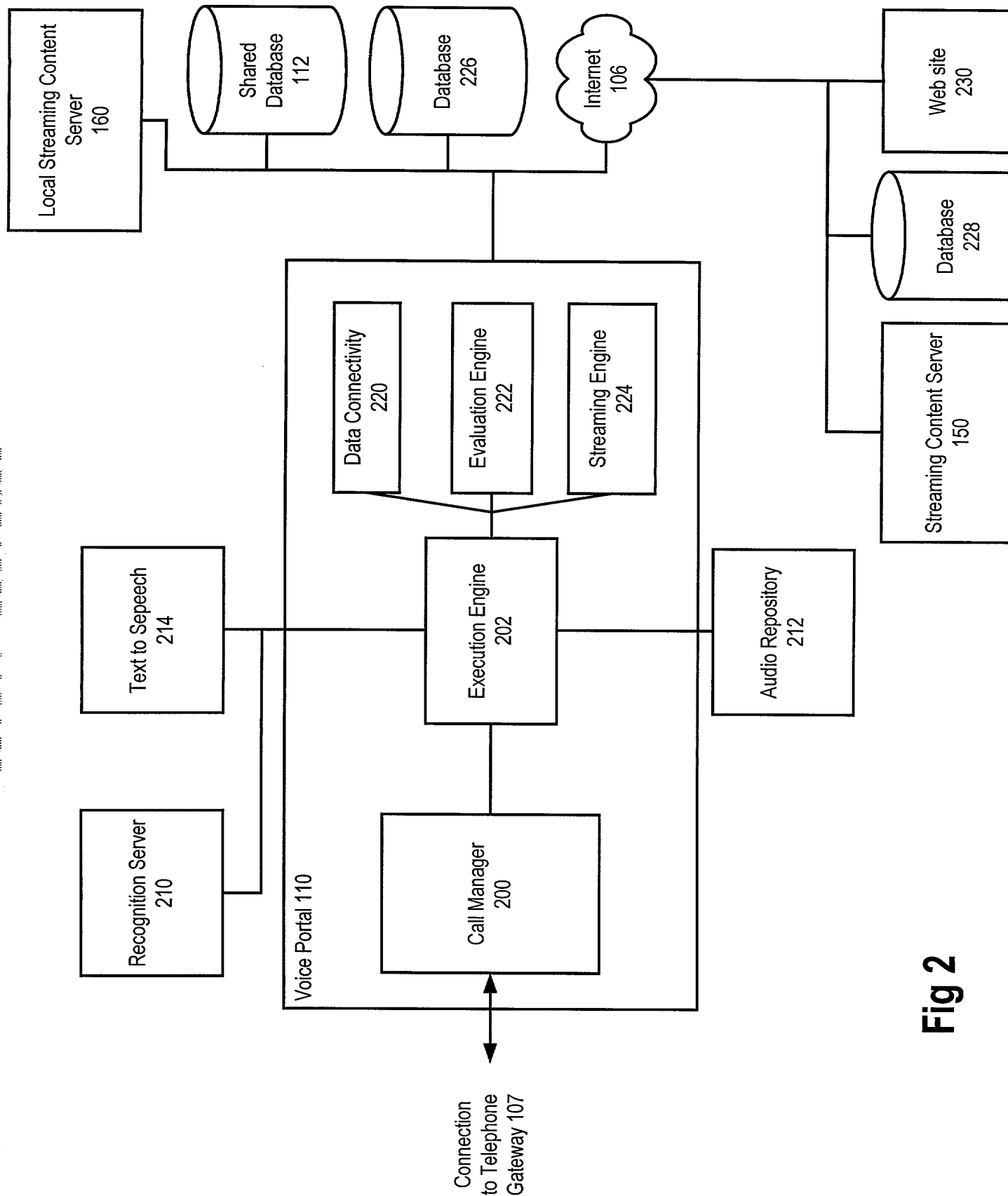


Fig 2

Fig 3

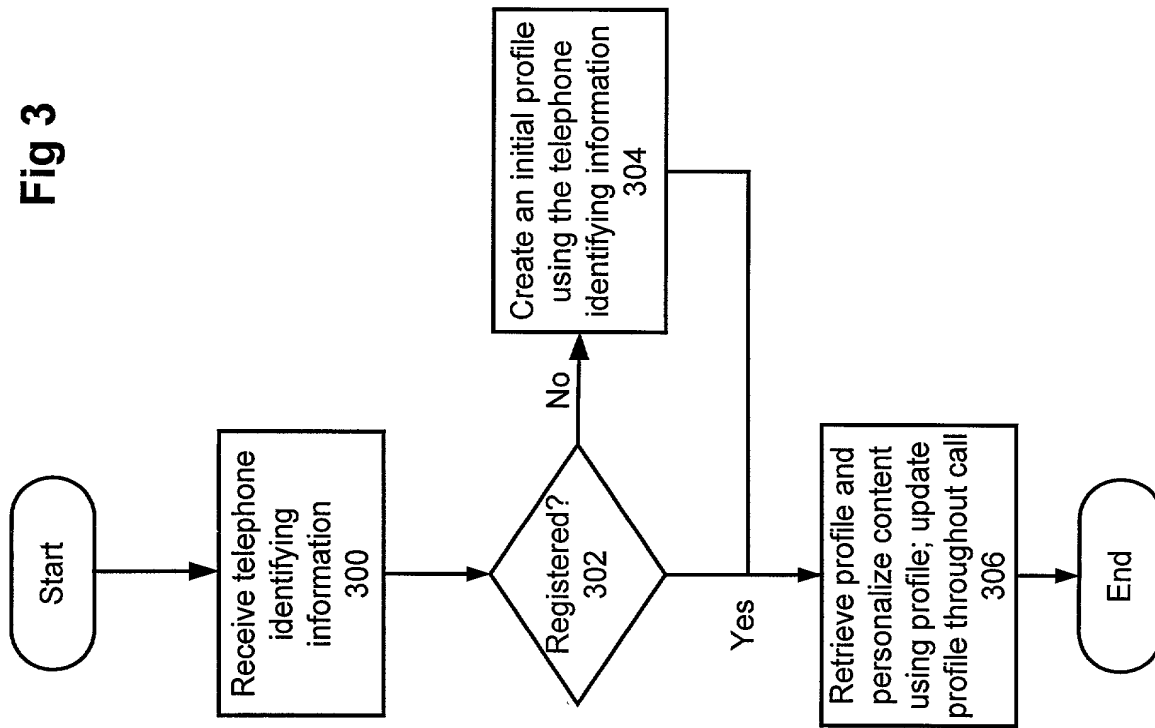


Fig 4

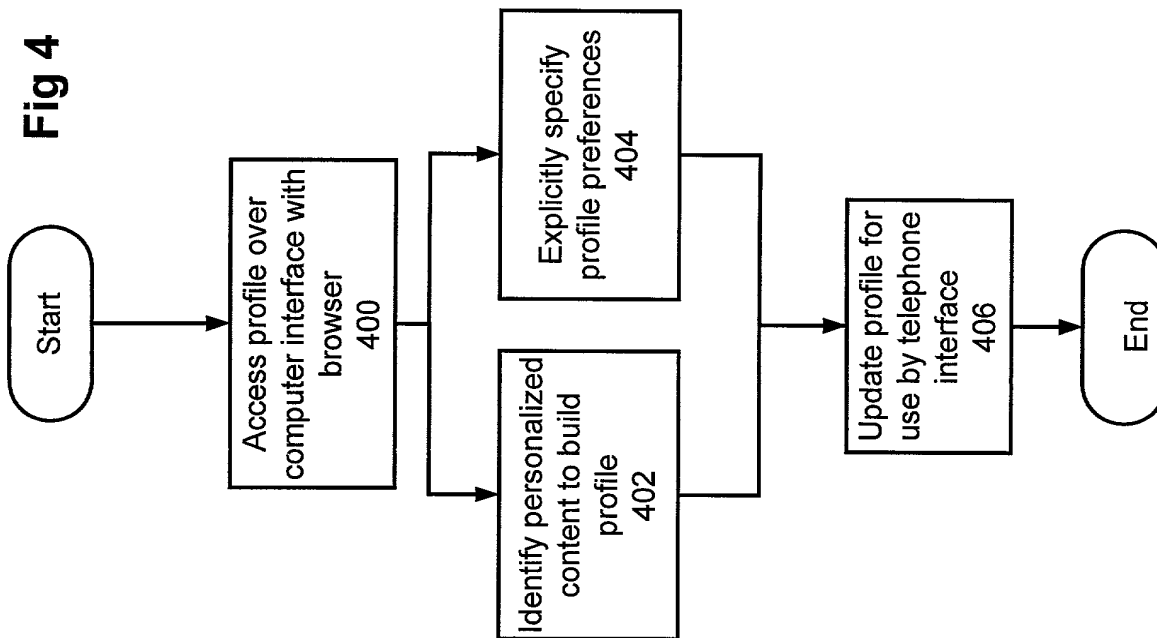
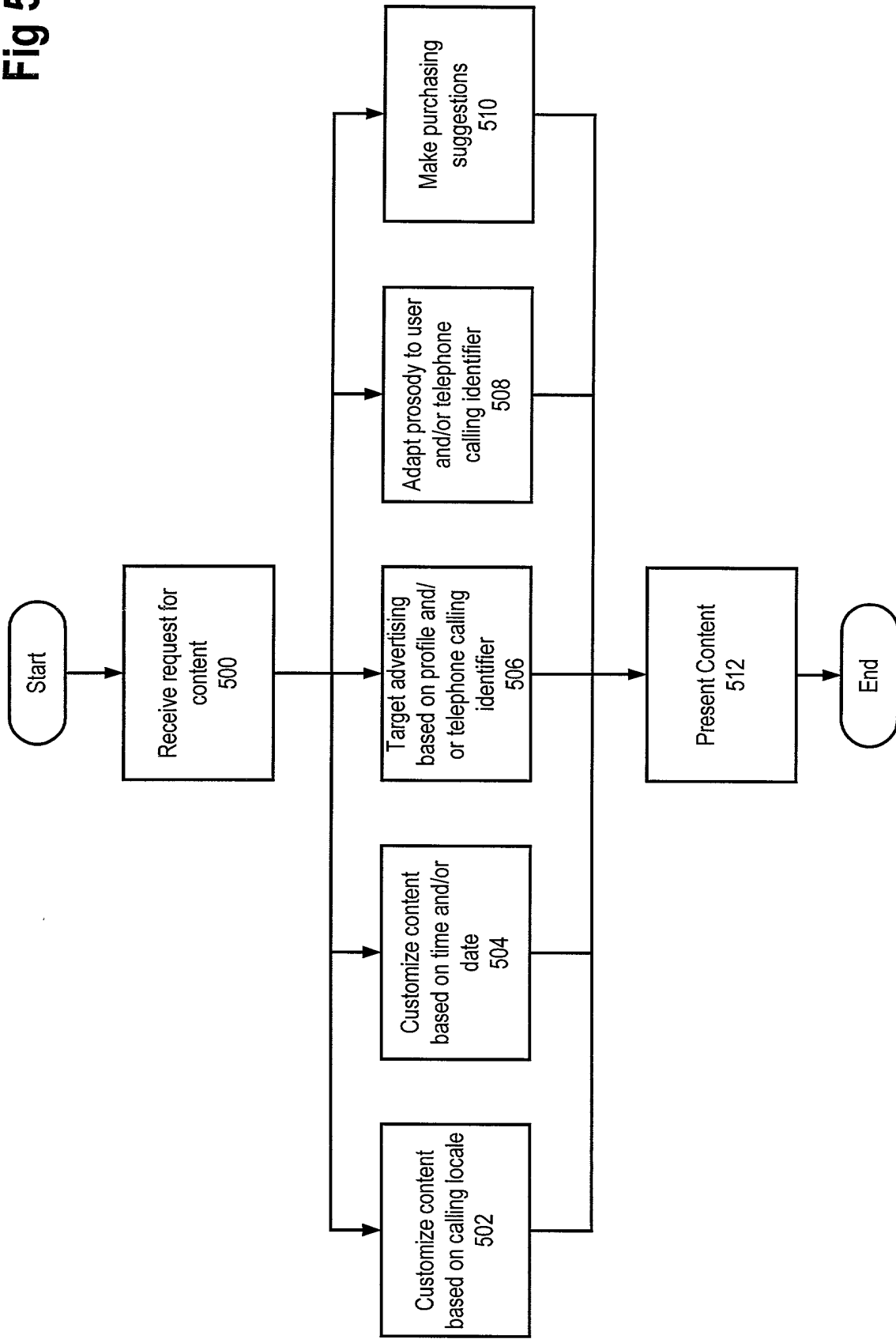


Fig 5



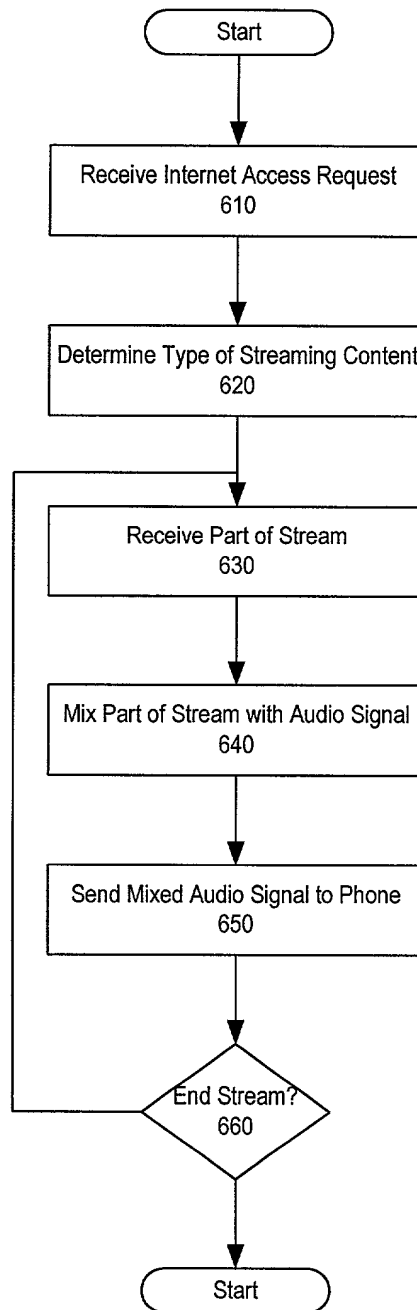


Fig 6

UNITED STATES PATENT APPLICATION

OF

MICHAEL S. MCCUE, ANGUS MACDONALD DAVIS, HADI PARTOVI,

ANTHONY ACCARDI

AND MICHAEL PLITKINS

FOR

STREAMING CONTENT OVER A TELEPHONE INTERFACE

PREPARED BY WILSON SONSINI GOODRICH & ROSATI

**COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY
FOR UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION**

As a below-named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

**STREAMING CONTENT
OVER A TELEPHONE INTERFACE**

the specification of which

 X is attached hereto.

 was filed on as Application No.
and was amended on * .
(If Applicable)

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a) which states in relevant part: "Each individual associated with the filing and prosecution of a patent application has a duty of candor and good faith in dealing with the Office, which includes a duty to disclose to the Office all information known to that individual to be material to patentability as defined in this section....The duty to disclose all information known to be material to patentability is deemed to be satisfied if all information known to be material to patentability of any claim issued in a patent was cited by the Office or submitted to the Office in the manner prescribed by §§ 1.97(b)-(d) and 1.98."

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate as indicated below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate on this invention having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign Application(s)			<u>Priority Claimed</u>	
<u> </u> (Number)	<u> </u> (Country)	<u> </u> (Day/Month/Year Filed)	Yes <u> </u>	No <u> </u>

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s), and under §119(e) of any United States provisional application(s), listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulation, §1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

Unassigned
(Application Serial No.)

October 22, 1999
(Filing Date)

Pending
(Patented, Pending, Abandoned)

(Application Serial No.)

(Filing Date)

(Patented, Pending, Abandoned)

I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith, and to file, prosecute and to transact all business in connection with international applications directed to said invention:

Paul Davis	29,294
John J. Bruckner	35,816
David J. Weitz	38,362
Kent R. Richardson	39,443
U.P. Peter Eng	39,666
Barbara Courtney	42,442
Richard L. Gregory, Jr.	42,607
Van Mahamedi	42,828
Shantanu Basu	43,318
Shaalu Mehra	P44,934
Kenta Suzue	P45,145
Shirley Chen	P44,608
Joel Harris	P44,743

Address all correspondence to:

Kent R. Richardson
Wilson Sonsini Goodrich & Rosati
650 Page Mill Road
Palo Alto, CA 94304

Direct all telephone calls to Kent R. Richardson at (650) 493-9300.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Title 18, United States Code, §1001 and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Full name of sole or
first inventor:

Hadi Partovi

Inventor's signature:

Date:

Citizenship:

United States

Residence:

2280 Green Street #104, San Francisco, California 94123

Post Office Address:

Same As Above

Full name of second joint
inventor, if any::

Michael S. McCue

Inventor's signature:

Date:

Citizenship:

United States

Residence:

400 Surmont Road, Los Gatos, California

Post Office Address:

Same As Above

Full name of third joint
inventor, if any::

Angus Macdonald Davis

Inventor's signature:

Date:

Citizenship:

United States

Residence:

991 The Dalles Avenue, Sunnyvale, California 94087

Post Office Address:

Same As Above

Full name of fourth joint

inventor, if any:: Anthony Joseph Accardi

Inventor's signature: _____

Date: _____

Citizenship: United States

Residence: 1945 Mount Vernon Court, Apt. 16,

Mountain View, California 94040

Post Office Address: Same As Above

Full name of fifth joint

inventor, if any:: Michael MacDougall Plitkins

Inventor's signature: _____

Date: _____

Citizenship: United States

Residence: 1177 Sandia Avenue, Sunnyvale, California 94089

Post Office Address: Same As Above